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ABSTRACT

Abstracts of current publications in the fields of population and family planning are contained in this monthly acquisitions list of the Katherine Dexter McCormick Library, Planned Parenthood, New York. Organized in two parts, Part 1 contains an annotated list of the books most recently acquired by the Library, marked with its Library call number, to aid libraries which use the Library's Family Planning Classification. Part 2 contains a list of annotated articles, selected from the 150 scientific and professional journals the Library receives, and classified as in Part 1. Topical areas include: Population, Urban Planning, Man Adapting, Women, United Nations, Birth Control, Infertility, Abortion, etc. An alphabetical listing of Publishers' Addresses is included. (LK)

Current Literature in Family Planning

PART 1

A list of the books most recently acquired by the Library, each one annotated, and also marked with its Library call number, to aid libraries which use the Library's FAMILY PLANNING CLASSIFICATION.

PART 2

A list of annotated articles, selected from the 150 scientific and professional journals the Library receives, and classified according to the Library's FAMILY PLANNING CLASSIFICATION.

ED 075189

NOVEMBER 1972, No. 51

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Part 1: BOOKS

INFERTILITY

2.2
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c

CURRENT PROBLEMS IN FERTILITY edited by Axel Ingelman-Sundberg and Nils-Olov Lunell. N.Y.: Plenum, 1971. 244 pp. $12.50. Proceedings of the International Fertility Ass'n Symposium held in Stockholm, Sweden, April 1970. Papers deal with the treatment of infertility, the control of fertility, in vitro fertilization, insemination in human and veterinary medicine, and recent advances in contraception.

HUMAN REPRODUCTION & MEDICINE

2.6
I7
r

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY edited by W. James Irvine. Edinburgh: E. & S. Livingstone, 1970. 182 pp. $10.25. Proceedings of Symposium of the Section of Endocrinology of the Royal Society of Medicine held in Edinburgh, May 1969.

2.6
R4
p

PRINCIPLES AND MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN REPRODUCTION, Duncan E. Reid, Kenneth J. Ryan, and Kurt Benirschke. Phila., Pa.: W. B. Saunders, 1972. 915 pp. $25.00. Stresses the scientific basis of obstetrics and presents obstetrics and the physiology of human reproduction in a meaningful relationship.

2.6
S5
p

PATHWAYS TO CONCEPTION: THE ROLE OF THE CERVIX AND THE OVIDUCT IN REPRODUCTION. Springfield, Ill.: C. C. Thomas, 1971. 299 pp. $22.50. Proceedings of a symposium, the fifth in a series of the Physiology and Pathology of Reproduction initiated at the Wayne State Univ. School of Medicine.

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For the convenience of those who want to order copies of the articles in this monthly acquisitions list of the Katharine Dexter McCormick Library an order blank is now provided on the last pages of the list. **Please use when ordering.**

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POPULATION

5.
E8
s
4 vols.
SECOND EUROPEAN POPULATION CONFERENCE, European Population Conference N.Y.: Manhattan Pub. Co., 1972. 4 vols. $33.00. Proceedings of this second conference (The First was held in 1966) held in Strasbourg, Aug. 31-Sept. 7, 1971, include Vol. I-influence of aging of the active population on health and health care in the Netherlands. The demographic aspects of differential mortality and morbidity by age and sex in Europe: their social and economic consequences, especially in the field of Excess Male Mortality. Vol. II-Report on the demographic and social pattern of migrants in Europe, especially with regard to international migration. Report on population data needs and the use of such data in demographic and social analysis. Birth spacing data: the new needs. Vol. III and IV-Official Documents of the Conference.

5.
P2.8
W
THE WORLD POPULATION CRISIS: POLICY IMPLICATIONS AND THE ROLE OF LAW, John M. Paxman, ed. Charlottesville, Va.: The John Bassett Moore Society, 1971. 179 pp. $5.00. Proceedings of the American Society of International Law Regional Meeting and The John Bassett Moore Society of International Law Symposium held at the Univ. of Virginia School of Law, March 12-13, 1971.

URBAN PLANNING

5.21
D3
w
Vol. II.
WORLD URBANIZATION 1950-1970 VOLUME II: ANALYSIS OF TRENDS, RELATIONSHIPS, AND DEVELOPMENT. Population Monograph Series, No. 9. Berkeley, Calif: Univ. of California, 1972. 319 pp. $3.00.

POPULATION-ENVIRONMENT

5.3
B4
g
GEOGRAPHY OF POPULATION, J. Beaujeu-Garnier. N.Y.: St. Martin's Press, 1966. 386 pp. $10.00. A synthesis of the author's research on population distribution, population movements and migrations, occupations and the geographical effects on human activity.

MAN ADAPTING

5.31.1
B5
c
THE CROWDING SYNDROME: LEARNING TO LIVE WITH TOO MUCH AND TOO MANY, Caroline Bird. N.Y.: David McKay, 1972. 337 pp. $7.95. Makes an optimistic case for the future and suggests that bold new ways can be developed to feed, house, and support the growing population.

POPULATION EDUCATION

5.9 H3 r — READINGS IN POPULATION AND COMMUNITY ECOLOGY, 2nd ed. by William E. Hazen. Phila.: W. B. Saunders, 1970. 421 pp. $5.75. Original papers chosen to introduce students in field biology to the concepts and problems of ecology. References given for each paper.

5.9 S8 s — A SOURCEBOOK FOR POPULATION-ENVIRONMENT STUDIES, Robert W. Stegner and Val E. Arnsdorf, Co.-directors. Newark, Del.: Univ. of Delaware Population Curriculum Study, 1972. 232 pp. Annotated lists of periodicals, books and films useful for school programs in population and environment studies. Materials are rated for their value to schools.

WOMEN

7.4 C5 a — THE AMERICAN WOMAN: HER CHANGING SOCIAL, ECONOMIC, AND POLITICAL ROLES, 1920-1970, N.Y.: Oxford Univ. Press, 1972. 351 pp. $7.95. Documents the struggle against sexual inequality in America from 1920 to 1970 and provides the background and perspective needed to understand the dynamics behind today's militant feminist movement.

EDUCATION IN FAMILY PLANNING AND HUMAN SEXUALITY FOR PROFESSIONALS

8.11 F3 c — CONTRACEPTION TODAY edited by A. J. Smith. London: Family Planning Association, 1971. 189 pp. L1 (Approx. $2.40). Medical text based on the proceedings of the FPA Medical Training Conferences in York, Bristol and London 1970.

UNITED NATIONS

12. E4 i — INTERIM REPORT ON CONDITIONS AND TRENDS OF FERTILITY IN THE WORLD, 1960-1965 (ST/SOA/Series A/52). N.Y.: United Nations, 1972. Sales No. E.72.XIII.3 89 pp. $3.00. This interim report continues an earlier study of fertility (Population Bulletin of the United Nations, No. 7-1963, Sales No. 64.XIII.2), and includes data extending in most cases to 1967 or 1968. More complete updating of the study is to be undertaken when the results of the 1970 round of population censuses become available.

12. E4 md — MEASURES, POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES AFFECTING FERTILITY, WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO NATIONAL FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMMES (ST/SOA/Series A/51). N.Y.: United Nations, 1972. Sales No. E.72.XIII. 2 162 pp. $3.00. Reviews the demographic, social, economic and other governmental measures affecting fertility; current population policies; health aspects of programmes and methods of fertility regulation; evaluation of national family planning programmes; communications for motivation in family planning; and social and cultural perspectives in national family planning programmes.

Current Literature No. 51
November 1972, Part I

PUBLISHERS' ADDRESSES

Family Planning Assoc., Margaret Pyke House, 27-35 Mortimer St., London, W1A 4QW, Eng.

E. &. S. Livingstone-Obtainable through Williams & Wilkins Co. P.O. Box 1496
Baltimore, Md. 21203

David McKay Co., Inc., 750 Third Ave., New York, New York 10017

Manhattan Pub., Co., 225 Lafayette Street, New York, New York 10012

John Bassett Moore Soc. -Copies can be purchased at Clark Memorial Hall, Univ., of
Virginia, School of Law, Charlottesville, Va.

Oxford Univ. Press, Inc., 200 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10016

Plenum Publishing Corp., 227 W. 17th Street, New York, New York 10011

St. Martin's Press, Inc., 175 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10010

W. B. Saunders Co., 218 W. Washington Square, Phila., Pa. 19105

C. C. Thomas, 301 E. Lawrence Avenue, Springfield, Ill. 62703

United Nations, Sales Section, New York, New York 10017

Univ. Of Calif., Institute of International Studies-Publications Office
Berkeley, Calif. 94720

Univ. of Delaware-Pop. Curriculum Study, Newark, Delaware 19711

Part 2: Articles and Pamphlets

BIRTH CONTROL: METHODS

Orals - Side Effects (Cancer)

2.11.12 THOMAS, DAVID B.
Relationship of oral contraceptives to cervical carcinogenesis
Obstetrics and Gynecology 40:508-518, Oct. 1972

A retrospective epidemiologic study was conducted on 324 women with cytologic smears suggestive of neoplasia and on a control group of similar number. The results lead to the conclusion that women who use oral contraceptives for an average of twenty months are not more likely to develop squamous dysplasia or carcinmoa in situ within 2 1/2 to 3 years after initial use than are women who do not use oral contraceptives.

(633)

2.11.12 VESSEY, MARTIN P., DOLL, SIR RICHARD, SUTTON, PETER M.
Oral contraceptives and breast neoplasia: a retrospective study
British Medical Journal 3:719-724, September 1972

The data from a controlled study (December 1968 - 1971) do not suggest that the use of oral contraceptives is related in any way to the risk of breast cancer but provide some evidence that the preparations may actually protect against benign breast disease in those women who have used them altogether for more than two years.

(634)

Orals - Side Effects (Metabolic)

2.11.13 HAZZARD, WILLIAM R., et al
Oral contraceptives and triglyceride transport: acquired heparin resistance as the mechanism for impaired post-heparin lipolytic activity.
Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism 35:425-437, September 1972

The studies presented in this paper offer no alternative explanation for the decrease in PHLA during oral contraceptive therapy apart from the suggested antagonism to the release of triglyceride lipase activity by heparin. No major impairment in plasma triglyceride removal was found.

(635)

BC: Methods (con't)

Intrauterine Devices

2.12 BLUETT, DESMOND
Dalkon The Shield intra-uterine device: A preliminary clinical appraisal
Shield Medical Gynaecology and Sociology 6/5:17-23, 1972

This report is based on a study of 30 patients fitted with Dalkon Shields and illustrates its clinical acceptance and reliability. Comparative figures with other intrauterine devices are given.

(636)

2.12 HALES-OWEN, JENNIFER I. and HAWKINS, D.F.
Factors affecting the motivation of patients with intra-uterine conception devices
Medical Gynaecology and Sociology 6/5:24-28, 1972

Concerned by the failure of many patients wearing IUD's to have routine follow-up examinations, an investigation was made of the factors affecting the motivation of patients wearing this device. The results will be helpful in understanding the mechanism of failures of contraceptive advice.

(637)

Intrauterine Devices - Medical Complications

2.12.1 GRAFF, GIORA, LANCET, MOSHE, and CZERNOBILSKY, BERNARD
Ovarian pregnancy with intrauterine devices in situ
Obstetrics and Gynecology 40:535-538, Oct. 1972

Since statistical studies have suggested a higher rate of ovarian pregnancies in women who wear intrauterine devices, additional case reports of this nature may be of interest. Such a case is described.

(638)

BC: OTHER METHODS

2.13 DECKER, ALBERT
Condom Contraceptives for men
Sexual Behavior 2:33-37, November 1972

In this era of the female contraceptive, the case of the condom is often overlooked.

(639)

BC: OTHER METHODS (con't)

2.13 FIUMARA, NICHOLAS J.
Condom Ineffectiveness of condoms in preventing venereal disease
Medical Aspects of Human Sexuality 6:146-147, Oct. 1972

The capability of the condom is not so much in question: the doubtful element has to do with its proper use.

(640)

BC: INFERTILITY

2.2 KARP, LAURENCE
x3.14 Anovulation: What price fertility?
Obstetrics and Gynecology 40:618-620, Oct. 1972

It is suggested that careful psychiatric evaluation may be in order for couples before clomiphene is administered to an anovulatory wife. Infertility is a symptom not a disease entity, and the cause may not be etiologic. One must question whether a child is really wanted.

(641)

Artificial Insemination

2.21 FOLDES, JOCHANAN J.
Artificial insemination. Induced ovulation with intravenous estrogens
International Journal of Fertility 17:104-108, 1972

Of 58 patients treated by Artificial-Donor-Insemination (AID), 34 received intravenous injections of estrogen to induce ovulation and 24 did not. In the group with ovulation-timing the proportion of successes averages 41.65% of the number of cases treated that month, and in the control group the rate is only 10.1% per month. AID with timed ovulation is almost a causal treatment.

(642)

Counseling - Adoption

2.22 GALLAGHER, URSULA
Adoption in a changing society
Children Today 1:2-6, September-October 1972.

In these times of change, adoption agencies should extend their services in many directions: to the biological parents, to adoptive families, and to those children who have been locked into foster care and need adoptive parents, such as older children, handicapped children, and minority group children.

(643)

BC: ABORTION

Techniques

2.13 MANABE, YUKIO and NAKAJIMA, AKIRA
Laminaria-metreutynter method of midterm abortion in Japan
Obstetrics & Gynecology 40:612-615, October 1972.

This procedure is currently the most frequently used midterm abortion procedure (over 50%) in Japan. The Laminaria-metreurynter method is also commonly used any time after mid-pregnancy for evacuating a dead fetus with or without spontaneous rupture of the membranes.

(644)

Medical Complications

2.31.1 CONGER, S. B., TYLER, CARL W. and PAKTER, JEAN
A cluster of uterine perforations related to suction curettage
Obstetrics and Gynecology 40:551-555, Oct. 1972

This is the first reported cluster of uterine perforations related to a single physician using the suction curet. Although the overall perforation rate of 3.6 per 1000 abortions was not remarkable, the risk of perforation increased form 0.0 per 1000 abortions at 10 weeks' gestation or less to 96.8 per 1000 abortions at 15 weeks or more. An accurate diagnosis of the length of gestation is critical.

(645)

2.31.1 STEWART, GARY K. and GOLDSTEIN, PHILLIP
Medical and surgical complications of therapeutic abortions
Obstetrics and Gynecology 40:539-550, Oct. 1972

An evaluation of the medical and surgical complications which have occurred since California liberalized its abortion law in 1967. A description is given of the various procedures performed and the complications related to each method. Latent effects of abortion are also discussed.

(646)

BC: ABORTION (con't)

Clinics

2.33 BURNELL, GEORGE M., et al
Post-abortion group therapy
American Journal of Psychiatry 129:134-137, August 1972.

Two hundred fifty women who had had a therapeutic abortion attended a group therapy program after discharge from the hospital. Each group was led by a psychiatrist-gynecologist team and consisted of three to five women. The authors concluded that the program wwas beneficial, helping patients to cope with guilt feelings and to clear areas of misinformation. about sexual function and contraceptives.

(647)

Evaluations

2.34 MALLORY, GEORGE, Jr. et al
Factors responsible for delay in obtaining interruption of pregnancy
Obstetrics and Gynecology 40:556-562, Oct. 1972

In the first year of the liberalized New York State abortion law, over 20% of the legal abortions were performed after the twelfth week of pregnancy. Of a representative sampling of women undergoing late abortion, 55% were delayed because of personal reasons while 26% were delayed for reasons attributable to the medical care system. The late abortion patients were more likely to be younger, single and nulliparous and less likely to have ever used contraception than the early abortion women.

(648)

BC: STERILIZAITON

2.4 HASKINS, ARTHUR L.
Oviductal sterilization with tantalum clips
American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology 114:370-377, Oct. 1, 1972

Tubal sterilization by the application of tantalum clips may be approached transabdominally or transvaginally. Both procedures are simple. A review of such cases done at the University of Maryland Hospital from 1960 through 1969 illustrates that the pregnancy rate following abdominal purperal tubal sterilization is too great to warrant utilization of this procedure - 11% compared to 1.2% with vaginal oviductal sterilization.

(649)

BC: RESEARCH IN CONTRACEPTION

2.61 Post-coital Pill
KUCHERA, LUCILE KIRTLAND
Stilbestrol as a "morning-after" pill
Medical Aspects of Human Sexuality 6:169-177, Oct. 1972

A study of the use of stilbestrol taken postcoitally by a thousand women of childbearing age who had one unprotected or inadequately protected sexual exposure since the patient's last menses. A followup on each patient revealed that there were no pregnancies.

(650)

2.61 Prosta-glandins
PEDERSEN, POUL H., et al
Induction of labour with prostaglandin F-2a in missed abortion, fetus mortuus, and anencephalia
Prostaglandins 2:135-141, August 1972.

Seven patients presenting missed abortions have been treated with intravenous prostaglandin F-2a to terminate the pregnancies. The drug has been effective in all cases and the mean induction-termination interval has been eight to twelve hours.

(651)

2.61 Prosta-glandis
WORCESTER FOUNDATION FOR EXPERIMENTAL BIOLOGY
Clinical use of prostaglandins in fertility control research
Research in Prostaglandins Supplement, September 1972.

This bibliography represents a preliminary compilation of periodical citations and abstracts reporting on the clinical use of prostaglandins for fertility control during 1970, 1971, and the first half of 1972.

(Available from: Worcester Foundation for Experimental Biology, Prostaglandin Information Center, 222 Maple Avenue, Shrewsbury, Mass. 01545)

BC: LEGISLATION & LEGAL STATUS

2.7 Pop.
COHEN, MORRIS L.
Law and population classification plan
Law and Population Monograph Series, No. 5, 1972.

This monograph is one in a continuing series published under the auspisces of the Law and Popualtion Programme, the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy, Tufts University, Medford, Mass. 02155.

(Available free of charge from Tufts Univ.)

BC: TESTING

2.88 ARCHULETA, MICHAEL J. and ARCHULETA, ALYCE J.
Sickle cell anemia: a selected bibliography for the layman
Current Bibliography Series No. 1, 1972

(Available from Current Bibliography, P.O. Box 2709, San Diego, Calif. 92101. Cost: $1.50)

FAMILY PLANNING: MENTAL RETARDATION

3.13 JOURNAL OF SPECIAL EDUCATION, Vol. 5, No. 4, Winter 1971
Contains the following articles on sex education for the retarded:

GORDON, Sol. Missing in special education: sex
BALESTER, Raymond J. Sex education: fact and fancy
BLOM, Gaston E. Some considerations about the neglect of sex education in special education
DELP, Harold A. Sex education for the handicapped
FRIEDMAN, Erwin. Missing in the life of the retarded individual -- Sex: reflections on Sol Gordon's Paper
MONEY, John. Special sex education and cultural anthropology, with reference to mental deficiency, physical deformity, and urban ghettos
REICH, Melvyn L. and HARSHMAN, Hardwick W. Sex education for handicapped children: reality or repression?
GORDON, Sol. Rebuttal: Okay, Let's tell it like it is (instead of just making it look good)

(652)

3.13 MENOLASCINO, Frank J.
Sexual problems of the mentally retarded
Sexual Behavior 2:39-41, November 1972

Major changes are occurring in societal attitudes toward sexuality in general and toward sexuality for the mentally retarded in particular. Special areas of concern for them include the heterosexual relationship within and without the institution of marriage, the concept of responsibility, and finally, the extremely important techniques of contraception.
(653)

FP: COMMUNITY RELATIONS

3.31 LINDAMAN, F.C. and CONSTA, M.A.
The voice of the community
American Journal of Public Health 62:1245-1248, September 1972.

The authors describe a series of community institutes or seminars in a section of New York City. Specific recommendations and caveats are presented on the basis of experience in ghetto communities. Topics dealt with are discussed, as are the implications for community health education.

(654)

3.31.1 ROSENMAN, MARTIN F.
Resistance to family planning centers in the black community
Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Psychological Assn., Honolulu, September 1972

Black professional thinking appears to be that family planning is an important health measure, but is rejected as a population stabilization device. Family planning services are viewed as an integral part of badly needed comprehensive health care, which should have more black employees, more concern for counseling the whole family, including the male partner, and more emphasis on community control. Safeguards against coercive practices, including having members of the black caucus and others monitor proposed family planning legislation, are considered essential.

(655)

FP: RESEARCH

Knowledge, Attitudes, Practice

3.61 DORAN, CHRISTOPHER M.
x3.31.3 Attitudes of 30 American Indian women toward birth control
Health Services Reports 87:658-663, Aug.-Sept. 1972

A study was made through interviews with 30 Navajo women of their knowledge, attitudes, and opinions concerning birth control. The results indicate that the present system of family planning advice to this group is inadequate. A pressing need is shown for a bilingual specialist in family planning, preferably a woman, to help these patients solve their birth control problems.

(656)

FP: FAMILY STRUCTURE

3.62 ESPENSHADE, THOMAS J.
The price of children and socio-economic theories of fertility
Population Studies 26:207-221, July 1972

This is a survey of alternative methods of estimating the parental cost of raising children after first reviewing the brief history of socio-economic theories of fertility which concentrate on the role of the price of children.

(657)

FP: TRAINING & STAFFING

3.75 CLINICAL OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY, Vol. 15, No. 2, June 1972
Use of allied health personnel in obstetrics and gynecology

The physician alone cannot personally provide all of the health services needed. Changes in the system of health care delivery appear inevitable. It should be the responsibility of leaders in the field of obstetrics and gynecology to rationally plan for the increased use of allied health personnel.

Among many articles in this volume devoted to the use of allied health personnel are the following in the field of family planning:

OSTEGARD, D.R., BROEN, Elmer M., MARSHALL, John R.
The family planning specialist

KARMAN, HARVEY
The paramedic abortionist

(658)

(The Ostergard and Karman articles are available from the KDMC library see last page for order sheet. If you wish to have the journal it can be obtained from: Medical Dept., Harper & Row Publishers, Inc., 2350 Virginia Ave., Hagerstown, Md. 21740 Cost: $6.00)

FP: PROGRAMS ABROAD

Africa

3.82 Africa
DU BOIS, VICTOR D.
African development planning
Fieldstaff Reports, West Africa Series 14:1-11, June 1972

Black Africa has experienced three periods of development planning: the colonial era, the early years of independence, and the current period. This report analyzes the methods and effectiveness of each era and suggests that the governments will have to contend with the implications of population problems if future development planning is to be successful.

(Available from American Universities Field Staff, P.O. Box 150, Hanover, N.H. 03755. $1.00 to nonsubscribers)

China

3.82
SALAFF, JANET W.
Institutionalized motivation of fertility limitation in China
Population Studies 26:233-262, July 1972

A model of the economic and social utilities and costs of children is used to study reforms in the marriage system, land tenure and organization, and religion. The resulting reduction in motivation to have large families is assessed by evaluating the patterns of social mobility since census data is lacking. It would appear that fertility control was directly related to opportunities for mobility.

(659)

POPULATION: UNITED STATES

Vital Statistics

5.21
GORWITZ, Kurt and SIDDIQUE, Ch. Muhammad
Zero population growth in Michigan; an analysis of its implications
Health Services Reports 87:617ff, Aug.-Sept. 1972

The number of Michigan residents has been increasing one percent annually because of an excess of births over deaths. The authors do not take a stand for or against ZPG but define and describe certain assumptions related to the ZPG concept and consider some implications for Michigan should this concept become reality.

(660)

POPULATION: UNITED STATES (con't)

Environment

5.3 McLIN, JON
Stockholm: The politics of "Only one earth."
Fieldstaff Reports, West Europe Series 7:1-12, June 1972

The U.N. Conference on the Human Environment in Stockholm adopted three sets of recommendations which must now go before the General Assembly. They are: An Action Plan presented to governments and international organizations; a set of recommended arrangements for institutions and a fund for projected environmental action; and a Declaration on the Human Environment to form international environmental law and to stimulate concrete action.

(Available from: American Universities Field Staff, P.O. Box 150, Hanover, N.H. 03755. $1.00 to nonsubscribers.)

Economic Aspects

5.4 ELLENSTINE, DONALD and CUNNINGHAM, JAMES P.
Projected consumption patterns for a stationary population
Population Studies 26:223-231, July 1972

A review of the literature on this topic, emphasizing the prevailing view that a stationary population would have a significantly different consumption pattern from that associated with a growing population is presented. This theory is then subjected to a statistical test. The basic conclusion is that the consumption patterns would not be significalty different.

(661)

5.4 WATTENBERG, BEN J.
The birth dearth and what it means to you.
Supermarketing, January 1972

A projection of the demography of the 1970's based on government statistics. Smaller families with more spending power and consumer spending patterns are also projected and numerated.

(662)

MARRIAGE & FAMILY LIFE

Sexual Behavior - Teenagers

7.31.21 BLACK, SAMUEL
Group therapy for pregnant and nonpregnant adolescents
Child Welfare 51:514-518, Oct. 1972

An experimental program combining pregnant adolescents and nonpregnant girls in group thereapy indicated advantages in this approach over group therapy involving only pregnant girls.

(663)

7.31.21 CAPLAN, HARVEY
Roundtable: Contraception for teenagers
Medical Aspects of Human Sexuality 6:191-214, Oct. 1972

Four teenagers discuss their views on sex and contraception. They express the need for teen clinics which provide information about birth control methods and sexual behavior.

(664)

7.31.21 COWELL, CAROL A.
Problems of adolescent abortion
Ortho Panel 14:2-5, 1972.

Adolescent abortion candidates differ from their sexually mature counterparts, and these differences contribute to higher morbidity - given our present methods of performing this procedure. One important difference is the typical adolescent's denial of her pregnancy, and her consequent delay in confiding in anyone about it, a phenomenon well-documented by many studies.

(665)

Sexual Behavior - College Students

7.31.3 HETTLINGER, Richard F.
Sex and the college student (Includes "Some statistical background" by M.F. Freedman and M. Lozoff)
Sexual Behavior 2:28-32, November 1972

College students are often in need of basic factual information about sex and reproduction. Some colleges are now offering a course for academic credit dealing with some aspect of human sexuality. Statistics and studies reveal that 1965 seems to have been the watershead year in which patterns of sexual behavior on campus took some dramatic turns.

(666)

CURRENT LITERATURE IN FAMILY PLANNING, NO. 51 NOVEMBER

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